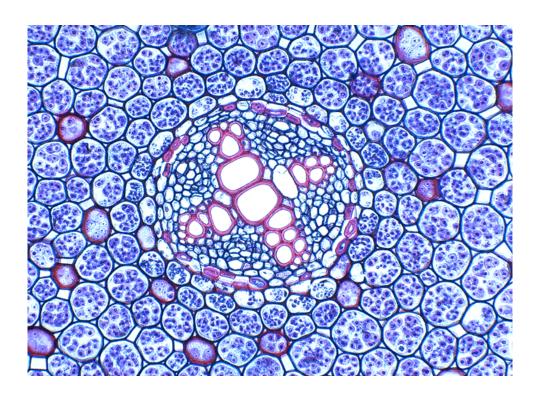
## The Plant Body

## **Anatomy**



## **4 Types of Tissues**

<u>Tissues</u> <u>Function</u>

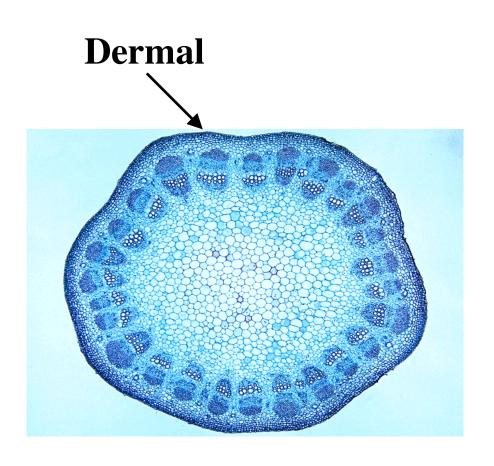
• Meristem Growth

• Dermal Protection

• Ground PSN, Storage

• Vascular Transport

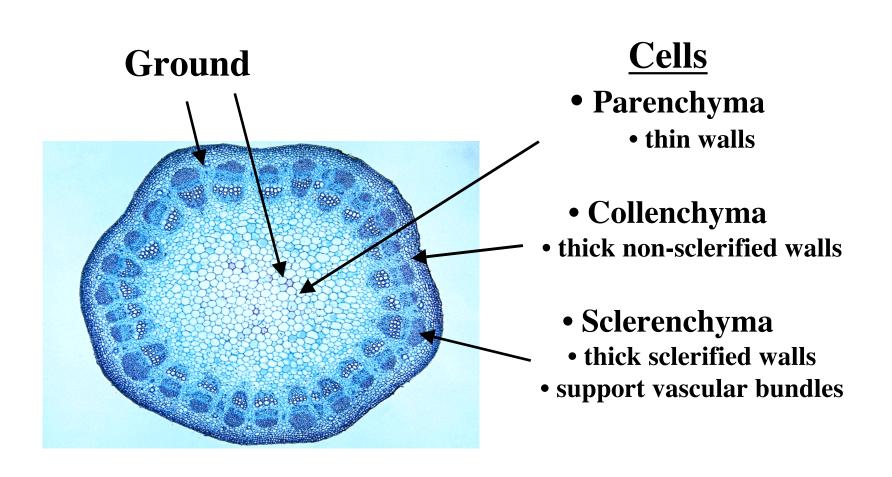
# **Dermal Tissue**Outer protective layer = "Skin"



#### **Cells**

- Epidermal
- Guard cells
- Trichomes
  - nonglandular
    - glandular

# Ground Tissue located throughout "middle area" of organs



## Vascular Tissues

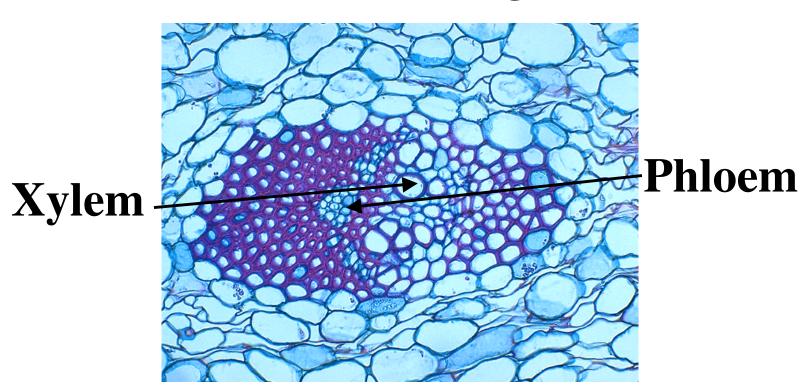
**Transport of materials** 

**Xylem** 

**Phloem** 

Water & minerals

Sugar



## Vascular tissue: Xylem & Phloem

Xylem: carries water & minerals (roots to shoots)

#### **Cells:**

Tracheids – long & narrow or

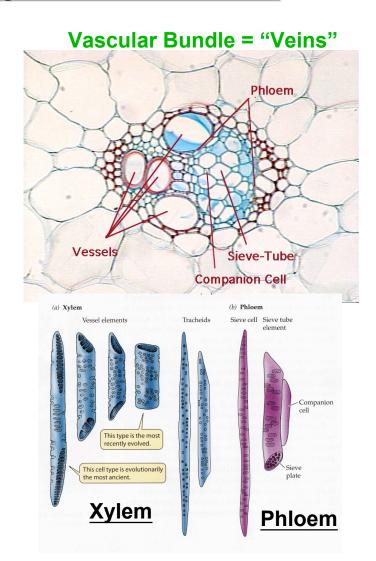
**Vessels – short w/ open ends** 

**Phloem: transports sugar** (leaves to roots & reproductive organs)

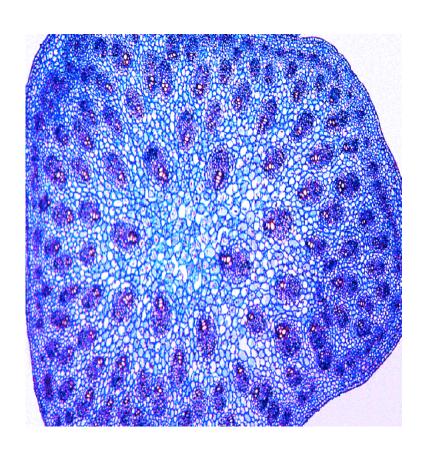
#### **Cells**:

Sieve tubes – carry sugar

Companion cells – load sugar into sieve cells

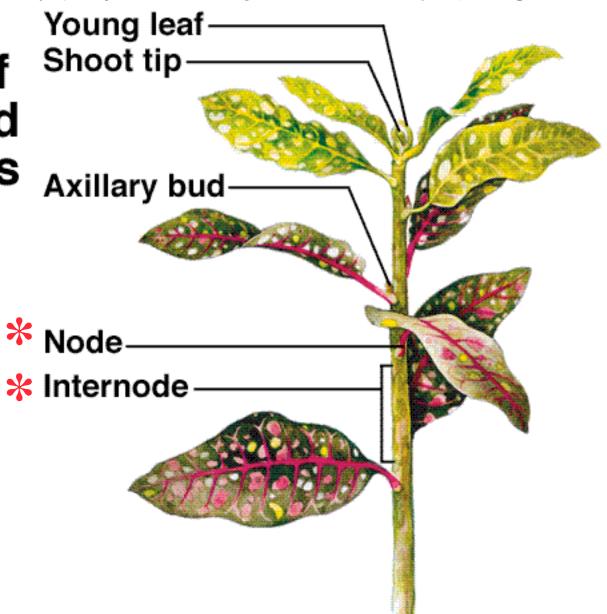


# **Stems**



Support Conduction Storage Randy Moore, Dennis Clark, and Darrell Vodopich, Botany Visual Resource Library @ 1998 The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc. All rights reserved.

Stems
Consist of
Nodes and
Internodes



## Leaves

Photosynthesis (PSN)
Gas Exchange
Water Balance

## Leaves

Light capture

(High Surface Area)

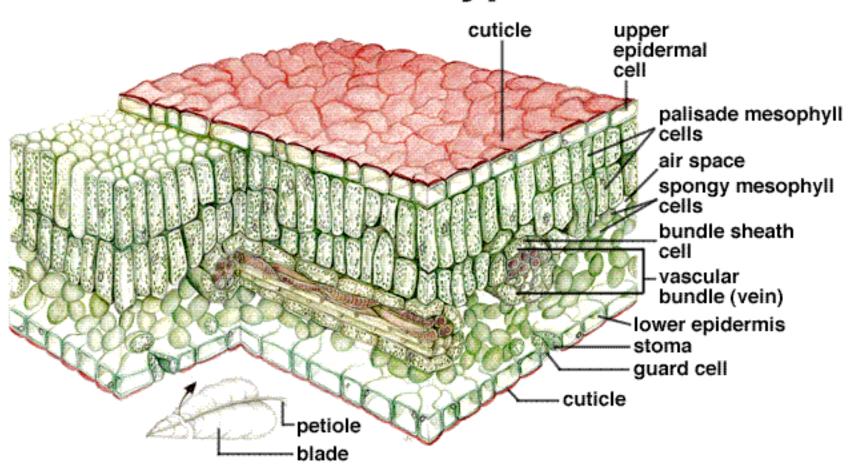
VS.

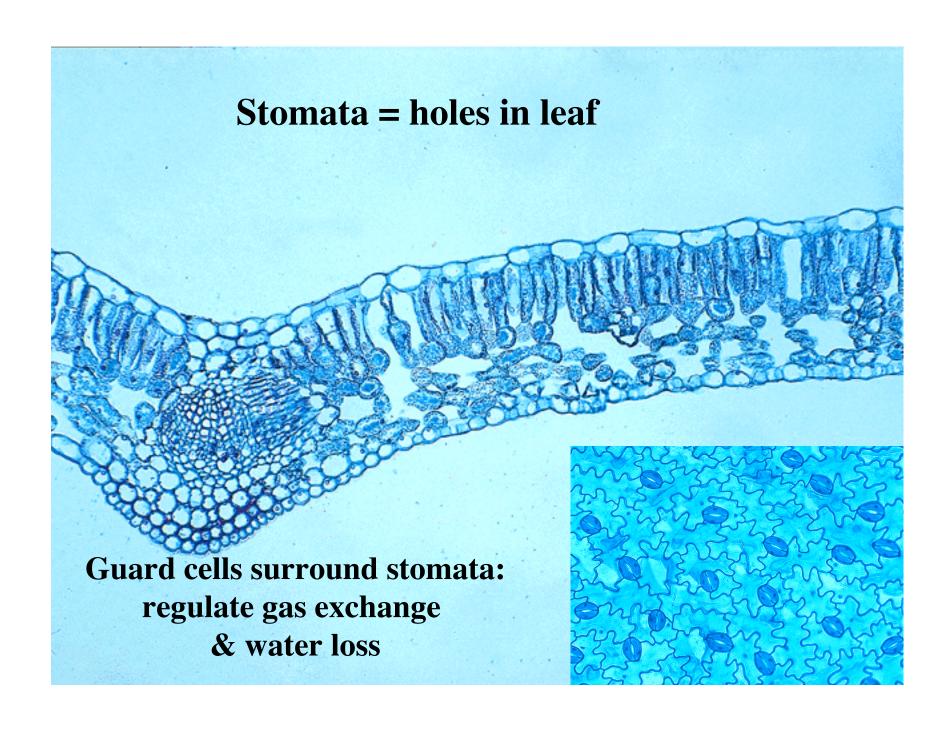
Water balance

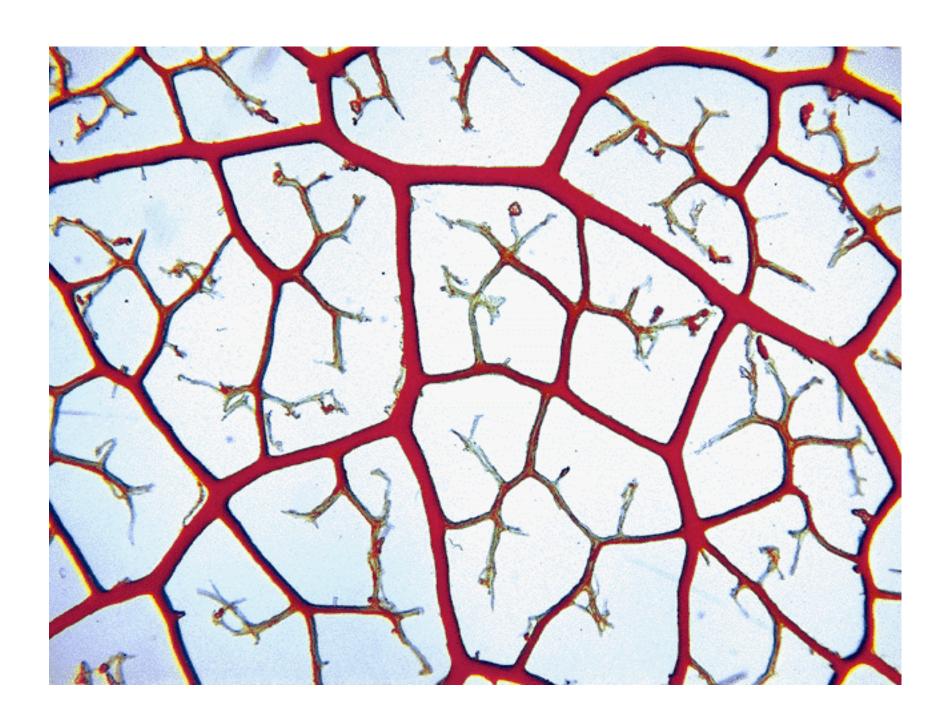
(Low SA)

- Large leaves in wet habitats
- Small leaves in dry habitats

# A Stereoscopic View of a Portion of a Typical Leaf

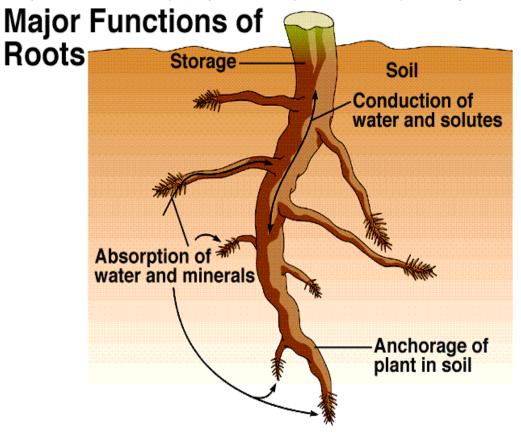




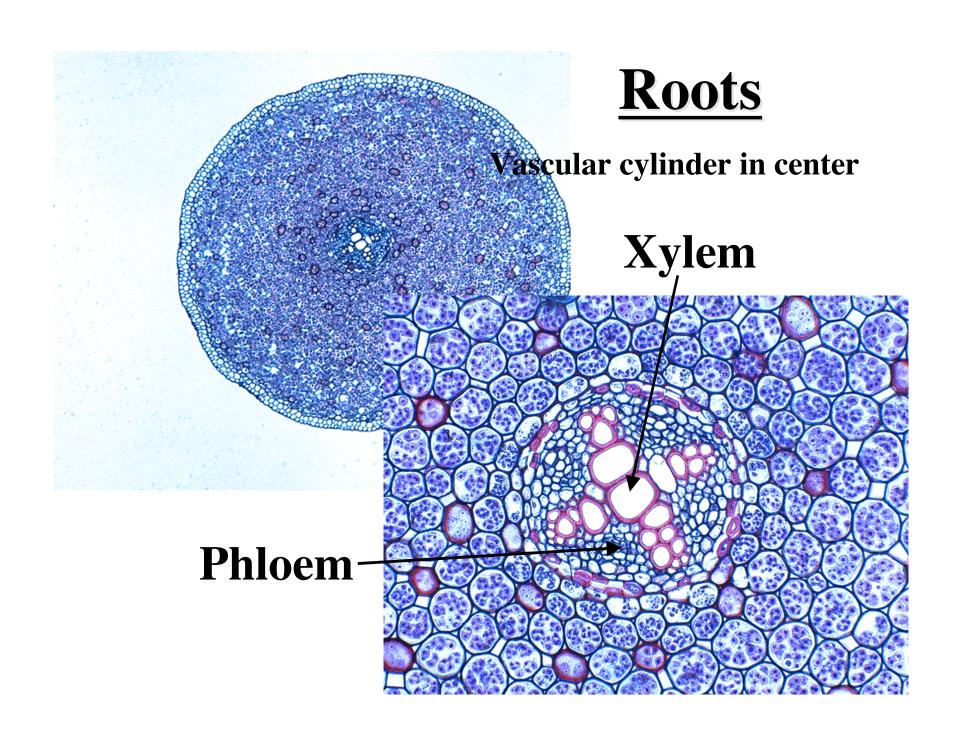


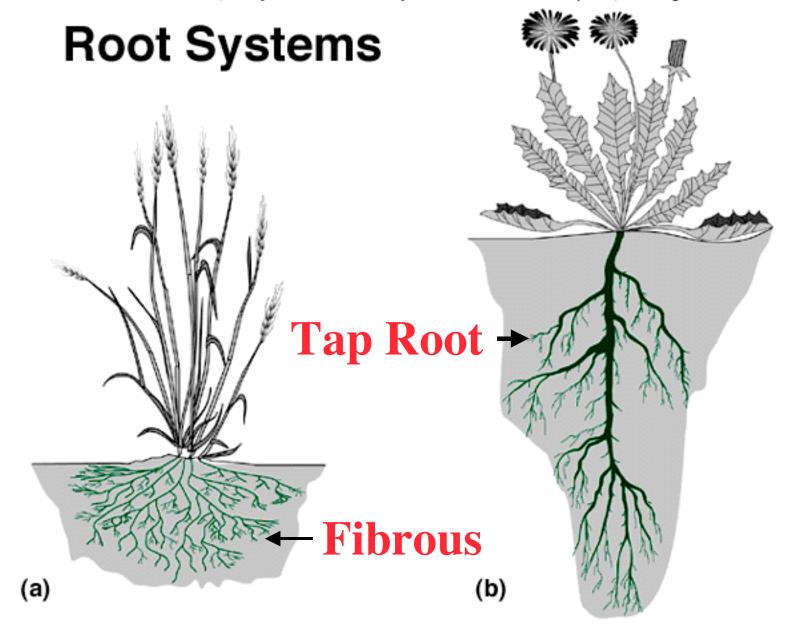
## Roots

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# Functions Anchorage Absorption Storage

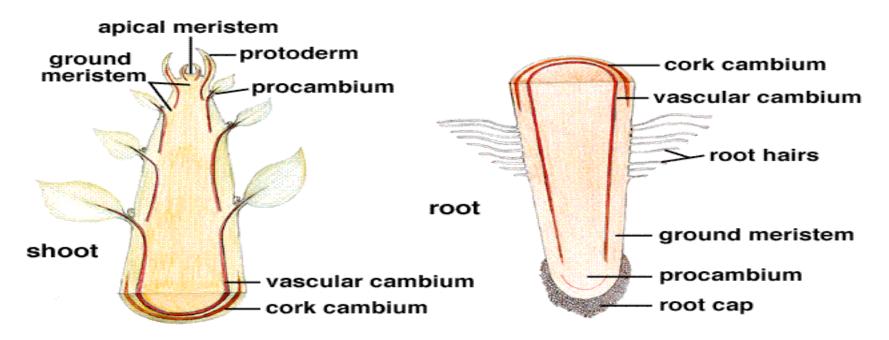




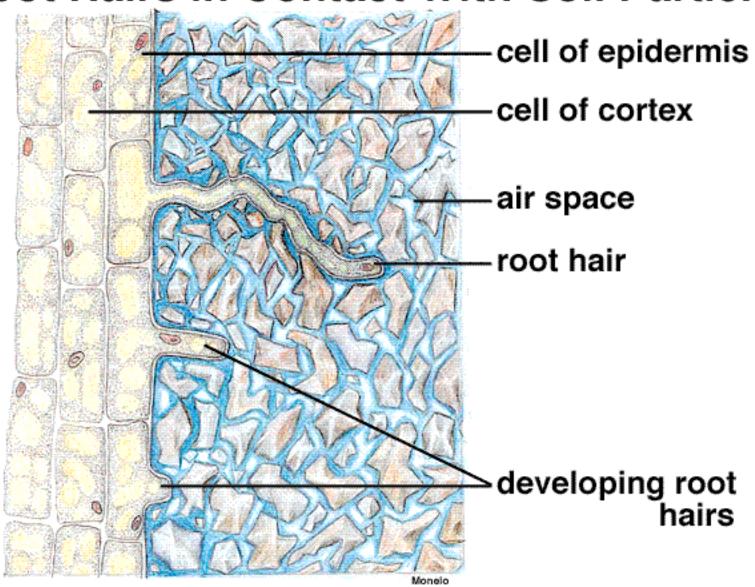
# Root hairs absorb water & minerals from soil

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#### Longitudinal Axis of a Plant



## **Root Hairs in Contact With Soil Particles**



## **Plant Growth**

**New Cells are produced in Meristematic Tissues** 

Embryonic tissues
with no central vacuole in cells
undergoing mitosis

### **Primary Growth**

- Apical & Axillary meristems
- Increases Body Length
- Produces Roots & Shoots

## **Secondary Growth**

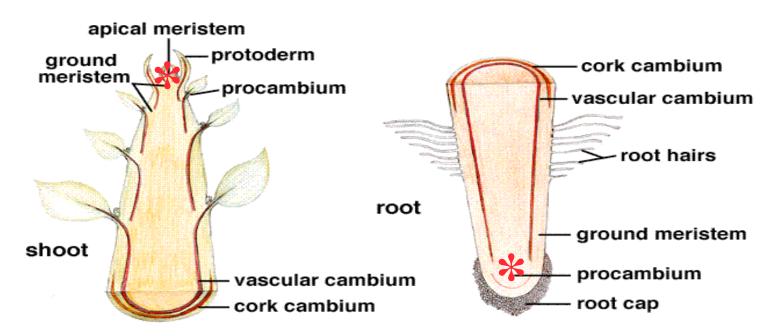
- Lateral meristem
- Increases Body Width (girth)
- Produces Wood

## **Apical Meristems**

#### At growing tips of shoots & roots

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#### Longitudinal Axis of a Plant



# **Axillary Meristems form branches on shoot**

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